



Verifying the Quality of HERS Ratings

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Passion. Expertise. Results.

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Agenda

- Context & goals
- Methodology
- Interesting results
 - Oncor Electric Delivery: 2004-2007
 - Rocky Mountain Power: 2006-2007
- Tips: QAQC made easy & fun
- Evolution
- Discussion

Context – Oncor Electric Delivery

- Piloted in 2001, launched in 2002
- 1 rater, 44 homes in 2002
- Today: >30 raters and > 60,000 homes cumulatively
- Oncor provides training & builder incentives, reports savings based in part on rater-reported HERS Indices
- QAQC started in 2004

Context – Rocky Mountain Power

- Launched in 2005
- Today: ~6,000 homes
- RMP provides trainings, pays builder incentives
- QAQC started in 2006

Goals

- Validate the accuracy of rater-reported information for utilities and builders, and
- Strengthen the integrity of the ENERGY STAR label and the HERS rating process by:
 - Identifying inconsistencies in local interpretations of national RESNET Standards (and in practices on which the Standards are silent);
 - Identifying compliance challenges for builders;
 - Establishing a continuous improvement mechanism; and
 - Encouraging raters to develop best practices and industry standards.

Methodology

- Scope
- Goals
- Priority objective could be:
 - Identify areas for improvement
 - Evaluate progress

Methodology – sample selection

- Size is governed by scope & goal above
- Selection
 - Assess building and rating practices throughout the market
 - Stratify by rater first, then builder
 - Roughly proportional
 - Get homes qualified individually and under sampling protocols

Methodology – data collection

- Site inspection and testing
 - Visual inspection
 - Orientation
 - Attic (hatch) insulation
 - DHW/HVAC model numbers & location
 - Appliance efficiencies
 - CFL installation
 - TBC inspections
 - HVAC QI
 - Infiltration testing
 - Duct leakage testing
 - Pictures

Methodology – data collection (cont'd)

- Building plans
- Rater data files
- Online system

Methodology – analysis

- **Baseline study**
 - Attic insulation depth
 - Attic insulation material
 - Attic insulation type
 - Basement or crawlspace conditioning
 - Programmable thermostat installation
- **ARI-verified SEER**
- **TBC analysis**
- **Plan takeoff analysis**
 - Conditioned floor area
 - WFA
 - Foundation type
 - Number of conditioned stories above grade

Methodology – analysis (cont'd)

- Duct leakage analysis
 - 6 CFA threshold
- HERS analysis
 - HERS > 85 (formerly HERS < 86 in 2004-5, HERS < 87 in 2006)
 - Discrepancies: (QAQC HERS)-(Rater HERS) > 2 (formerly .5)

Interesting Results

**Oncor Electric Delivery
2004-2007**

Oncor – attic insulation

- 2004: 14 of 289 homes had no attic insulation (5%)
 - Need to remediate quickly!
- Improvement
 - Adopted 72 hour QAQC window to facilitate remediation
 - 2005: 2 of 299 lacked attic insulation (only 1 lacked completely lacked) (1%)
 - 2006: 1 of 308 lacked insulation (~0%)
 - 2007: 0 of 273



Oncor – TBC compliance (2007)



Oncor – climate location

- 2004: 1/3 of homes used questionable weather files
 - Inconsistent assignments among raters for same locations
 - Select a weather file for a location based on the correct climate zone or based on the closest location regardless of climate zone?
 - Ambiguity over who should determine the appropriate site (code officials, RESNET, EPA?)
- Improvement
 - Discussed with TX HERO, RESNET
 - Additional weather files and TX HERO guidance have clarified process

Oncor – ARI-verified SEER

	2006	2007
Total discrepancies (% of homes)	28%	15%
Rater over-reported SEER (% of homes)	2%	6%
Rater under-reported SEER (% of homes)	26%	9%

- Highly influential measure, but ARI database is difficult to use
- After 2006, discussed with TX HERO and began requiring ARI reference # in online system



Oncor – HERS scores & indices

	2004	2005	2006	2007
HERS variance discrepancies	22%	18%	31%	32%
Tolerance	0.5	0.5	0.5	2
QAQC HERS better than Rater (% of discrepancies)	17%	81%	79%	31%
QAQC HERS worse than Rater (% of discrepancies)	83%	19%	21%	69%

- “Discrepancies” occur when variance exceeds the tolerance
- Effect on impacts?

Oncor – HERS scores & indices (cont'd)

- One idea: effect of sampled home submissions?

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QAQC HERS better than Rater (% of discrepancies)	17%	81%	79%	31%
QAQC HERS worse than Rater (% of discrepancies)	83%	19%	21%	69%
Sampled homes (% of discrepancies)	-	-	67%	42%
Confirmed ratings (% of discrepancies)	-	-	33%	58%

Oncor – HERS scores & indices (cont'd)

- Another: effect of REM/Rate updates?

Very preliminary observations!	
% of Indices that changed from v12.3 to v12.4 to v12.43 (N=38)	100%
% of changes that improved Index in v12.43	100%
% of Indices that changed from v12.43 to v12.61 (N=20)	100%
% of changes that improved Index in v12.61	100%

- More fully evaluate REM/Rate update effect in 2008
- Consider separate treatment of sampled homes
- Program design implications?

Interesting Results

Rocky Mountain Power
2006-2007

RMP – air barrier definition

- Rigid vs. flexible air barriers
- RMP facilitated local rater discussions
- Consensus guidance document provided working definition of acceptable air barriers and examples

RMP – HVAC QI

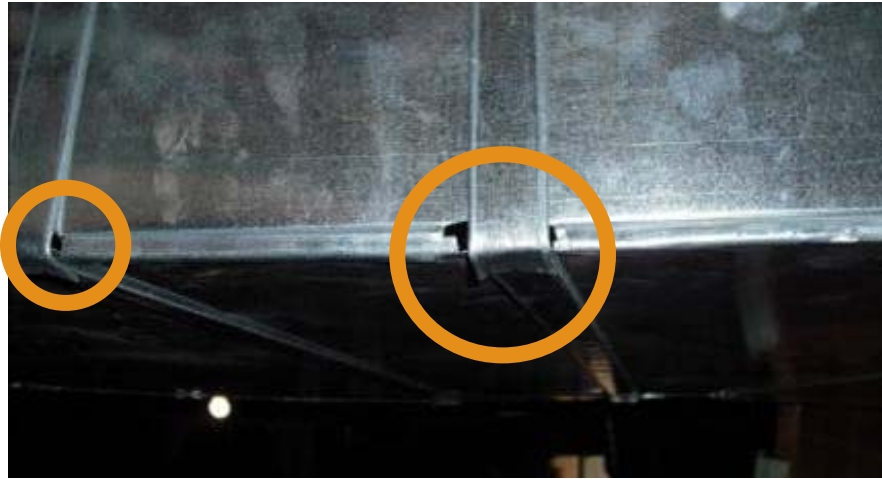
- 2006: Visual inspections
 - Ducts predominantly in conditioned space (draped walls) – waives duct testing requirement
 - Highly inconsistent duct sealing practices (incl. tape and silicone)
 - Infrequent test failures indicated by rater data files
 - Needed diagnostic evaluation
- 2007: Diagnostic testing
 - 10 homes tested
 - Duct leakage was more than 6 CFA in 7
 - Failing homes had leakages from 9 to 35 CFA

RMP – HVAC QI (cont'd)

Starting to think
about it!



RMP – HVAC QI (cont'd)



RMP – conditioned floor area

	2006	2007
QAQC area vs. Rater area (% of rater area)	4%	7%
QAQC area > Rater area (% of homes)	34%	69%
QAQC area < Rater area (% of homes)	65%	31%
Range of difference (in QAQC area as a % of rater area)	52% smaller to 48% larger	37% smaller to 119% larger

- Classification of basements
- Cold storage
- Align program definition with in-field practices

RMP – low-e windows

- 2006
 - ~50% of basements had low-e glass (regardless of conditioning)
 - Low-e glass required by code
 - Often supplied by different vendor
 - Worked with builders & raters to ensure delivery & inspection

- 2007
 - 75% of basements had low-e glass (regardless of conditioning)



RMP – Insulation installation

- 2006: Attic insulation inspection
- Fiberglass-batt wall insulation could be significantly improved
 - Encouraged use of blown-in insulation based on more consistently high installation quality
- In some cases, knee-wall insulation was missing, poorly installed, or had detached
- Incidentally: Batts used as basement ceiling insulation were never in contact with the sub-floor above

RMP – Insulation installation (cont'd)

Detached air
barrier
compromises
alignment



RMP – Insulation installation (cont'd)



RMP – Insulation installation (cont'd)

- 2007: TBC inspections (post 7/1/2007)
- Dramatic improvement over 2006
 - Knee-wall insulation installation greatly improved
 - “Acceptable minor defects” were not being failed if builder demonstrated progress, as allowed by TBC
 - Observed improvement over the course of 2007 inspections
- Opportunities for improvement
 - Attic hatch insulation and gaskets
 - Insulated floors above garages
 - Walls behind shower/tubs →



Closing thoughts

Tips & Evolution



Tips: QAQC made easy & fun

- Take pictures of the homes
- Ask questions, then collect data
- Use a camera to record important information about the homes
- Provide a value-added service to participants
 - If something needs to be remediated, contact the rater ASAP
 - Contact the builder with structural issues
- Generate visual representations of the QAQC'd homes
- Schedule around the production calendar

Evolution

- Value of multiyear studies
- Responsiveness to emergent trends
- Program changes promote inconsistent processes



Acknowledgments

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Discussion

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